Visa/Permit Data Table

Only USA rows should appear in the Visa/Permit Data table. While you can select other countries, IU is not tracking Visa/Permit data for any countries other than USA.

The VISA_PERMIT_DATA transaction table is intended to track non-immigrant visas and work permits. However, IU’s current coding practice is to record more detailed immigration information in the Visa Permit Data table to facilitate information extracts to iOffice and SEVIS. This also allows more accurate and automated update of the Citizenship table from the Visa Permit Data table.

Visa/Permit information is effective-dated; people can have multiple rows for each visa or permit type, and have multiple visas and permits. This allows us to track the history of each visa or permit as they change over time.

I-9 Work Permit:

For a US native, naturalized citizen or alien permanent, this row should have an effective date, but there should be no expiration date. A native U.S. citizen should not have any rows on the visa/permit page with a type other than I-9.

For alien temporary, the I-9 row, if it exists, must have both an effective date and an expiration date. These individuals must also have at least one other row indicating their visa type.

Naturalized U.S. Citizen:

A naturalized US citizen may appear with no visa row (other than “I-9”) or may have a visa row with USA in country and “NLR” in type. A naturalized US citizen may have other visa rows, but the effective dates on those rows should be before the effective date on the row with “NLR.”

U.S. Permanent Resident or other Alien Permanent status:

In the Visa/Permit table, indicate the specific type of status the student indicates (see below). A permanent resident may have other visa rows, but the effective dates on those rows should be before the effective date on the row reflecting their current permanent resident status.

The country will be USA, and the visa type will be one of the following:

- ASY - Asylee/Political Asylum
- LPR - Permanent Resident
- PIP - Public Interest Parolee
- REF - Refugee

F-1 Student:

Most international students study here in F-1 status. An F-1 student will have an I-94 card (usually stapled inside passport) that has “F-1” handwritten on it. (It will also have “D/S” handwritten; this refers to duration of status and it means that the individual can remain as long as his or her student status is valid; or until the expiration date on the I-20, whichever comes first.)

- Country = USA, visa type = F-1

Employment Authorization Documents (EADs):

These photo IDs indicate US Immigration employment authorization and are often presented by nonresident applicants as proof of immigration status.
Campus Community
Visa/Permit Data Table

The documents are issued for many reasons. A citation of the relevant section of law allowing employment authorization is always printed on the EAD and is often the only clue as to the holder’s status. When in doubt, refer to the international office for guidance. A representative there will assist you to confirm the appropriate visa type to use.